Pension Advisory Board Business Plan 2021/22

Background

This is the Business Plan for the West Sussex Pension Advisory Board. The Business Plan is an important document which sets out the aims and objectives of the Board over the coming year, its core work and how the objectives will be achieved.

The County Council is responsible for the administration of the West Sussex County Council Pension Fund and as the Administering Authority, is required under S106 of the LGPS Regulations 2013 to establish a local pension board and has established the Pension Advisory Board for this purpose.

The County Council acts as the Scheme Manager, as defined by the Public Service Pensions Act 2013, in respect of the management of the Scheme and its functions in this respect are discharged in accordance with the Council's scheme of delegation by the:

- Governance Committee (delegated to the Pensions Committee); and
- Officers (Director of Finance and Support Services and the Director of Law, Assurance & Strategy)

The Board is supported by the officers, by the appointment of an independent chairman, and by assurance statements and information provided by external service providers. The costs of the Board's operations are charged to the Pension Fund and a budget is included in the Business Plan.

The Board's approach has been to establish a core programme of work based on guidance received from the Pensions Regulator, the Scheme Advisory Board and from CIPFA in the form of advisory guidance.

The Business Plan has been developed to be more consistent with and complimentary to the Pensions Committee's business plan. The Plan is reviewed annually and progress monitored at each meeting. New priorities that might arise can be introduced at each meeting and new action identified where progress has not been as expected.

Details of how the Board's objectives will be met, together with key priorities and an indication of key risks are included in the Plan. The achievement of the objectives and key tasks are reviewed at the end of each year and reported to the Pensions Committee. A brief report is also approved for inclusion in the Pension Fund Annual Report and is made available to scheme employers and to scheme members.

Statutory Responsibilities

1. The statutory responsibilities of the Board are similar to those set out in the Regulations for all local pension boards:

Assist the Scheme Manager:

- To secure compliance with the scheme regulations and other legislation relating to the governance and administration of the scheme;
- To secure compliance with requirements imposed in relation to the scheme by the Pensions Regulator;
- In such other matters as the scheme regulations may specify;
- To ensure the Scheme Manager effectively and efficiently complies with the Code of Practice on the governance and administration of public service pension schemes issued by the Pensions Regulator (COP14); and
- To ensure that the Board complies with the knowledge and understanding requirements in the Regulator's Code of Practice.

Accountability

- 2. The Board is accountable to the Scheme Manager, to the Pensions Regulator, to the Scheme Advisory Board, and to the scheme employers and members that it represents.
- 3. The Scheme Advisory Board will advise the Responsible Authority (the Ministry for Housing, Communities and Local Government) and the Scheme Manager.
- 4. The Pensions Regulator will report to the Responsible Authority but will also be a point of escalation for whistle blowing or similar issues (supplementary to the whistle blowing policy and anti-fraud and corruption policy operated by the Scheme Manager which operate to include all of the functions of the Council as Scheme Manager and its advisers).

Principal Functions

- 5. The principal functions of the Board include:
 - Seeking assurances that due process is followed with regard to Pensions Committee decisions:
 - Considering the integrity and soundness of Pensions Committee decision making processes:
 - Seeking assurance that administration performance is in compliance with the Administration Strategy;
 - Considering the effectiveness of communications with employers and members including the Communication Strategy;
 - Considering and commenting on Internal Audit recommendations; and
 - Consideration of External Auditor reports.

6. Any complaint or allegation of breach of due process brought to the attention of the Board shall be dealt with in accordance with the Pensions Regulator's Code of Practice.

Objectives

7. The Board's main objectives are set out below:

Governance: Act solely in terms of the public interest, with integrity, objectivity, accountability, openness, honesty and with leadership, and seek to ensure these are followed by all those involved in the Fund's administration.

Compliance: Seek to understand the statutory framework of regulations and guidance, and ensure all aspects are complied with.

Administration: Seek to ensure that proper procedures and controls are in place and are followed, and that performance expectations are met.

Communication: Seek to ensure that standards of reporting and clear communications are maintained and improved.

Efficiency: Seek to ensure improvements are being made in all processes, and minimise demands placed on officers in supporting the Board's work.

Effectiveness: Seek to ensure that the Board is making an effective contribution to the governance of the Fund through careful planning and performance assessment.

Risk management: Seek to ensure that fund risks are being identified, monitored and mitigated through proper procedures and controls.

Proper advice: Seek to ensure that proper advice is being taken and considered in all aspects of decision-making.

Knowledge and understanding: Seek to ensure that all Board members maintain a suitable level of knowledge and understanding.

Responsiveness: Seek to ensure that the Board considers and responds to consultations, surveys and requests for information effectively.

- 8. The means by which the Board can deliver these objectives is set out in the detailed plan. As part of the agenda planning process, the officers and chairman have agreed a structured agenda as a standard and discuss the detailed agenda well in advance of each scheduled meeting.
- 9. The papers for each meeting are made available at least one week prior to the meeting and implementation of action agreed is monitored in a progress report at the following meeting.

Budget

10. The Board does not have delegated powers to incur expenditure but agrees an annual budget with the officers each year. Provisional sums are included to allow the Board to request any additional independent advice that might be required in exceptional circumstances.

Budget item	Budget 2020/21 £	Spend 2020/21	Budget 2021/22
		£	£
Fee for independent chairman	17,500	17,500	17,500
Travel expenses/subsistence	2,000	0	2,000
Training provision	2,500	765	2,500
Democratic Services Support (0.2 FTE)	7,500	6,945	7,500
Meetings (incl. refreshments)	700	0	700
Provisional sums (if required):			
✓ Legal and other external advice	3,000	0	3,000
	2,000	0	2,000
✓ Contingency			
Total Budget	35,200	25,210	35,200

N.B. All costs are chargeable to the Pension Fund.

Training

- 11. The Pensions Committee has agreed a Training Strategy which incorporates the Board's training needs. Training for Board members, including induction training, is provided through regular focus sessions at each meeting, regular updates from officers and advisers, internally developed training days, and attendance at external seminars which specialise in the needs of local pension boards.
- 12. Reference is also made to the e-learning provided by the Pensions Regulator and, at the start of 2021/22, all members of the Board had successfully completed the public service learning modules.
- 13. In terms of self-learning and familiarisation, the Board has developed arrangements to keep members appraised on changes to the scheme regulations and guidance through access to the national LGPS and Scheme Advisory Board websites.

Risk Management

14. The Board does not consider it necessary to have its own risk register but monitors the Fund risk management arrangements as reported to the Pensions Committee on a regular basis.

Areas for attention in 2021/22

- Internal controls and audit assurances PAB involvement
- Governance compliance changes pending responses from MHCLG to SAB proposals
- The Pensions Regulator's proposals for a combined Code
- Potential pensions/cyber scams controls and warnings to members
- Impact of Scheme changes on administration performance and employers
- Strategic investment issues, compliance and knowledge building
- Comparisons to other local pension boards and their operations
- Unit costs and service levels, national comparisons
- Auto-enrolment and growing membership

Pension Advisory Board - Business Plan 2021/22 - Key tasks and activities

Core on-going work	Special activities and reviews 2021/22	
Business Planning and Performance		
Agree programme of work, budget and resources for the coming year and monitor progress at each meeting	Review of current Board operations in line with the Scheme Advisory Board's Good Governance	
Undertake a self-assessment of performance for the year to include on-to-one interviews in January/February	Review proposals as a 'dry run'	
Agree a report each year on activity for inclusion in the Fund Annual Report and for scheme employers		
Key risks		
Failure to manage work efficiently and effectively		
Failure to account for activities and performance		
Compliance checks		
Review the County Council's policy on conflicts of interest annually, ensure interests declared at each meeting and maintain a register of interests for the Board on the website.		
Review the Pension Fund Annual Report and Accounts for content and compliance.	Scheduled for meeting on 26 July	
Review statutory policy statements on a regular basis and on a three-year rolling basis		
Monitor and review changes to regulations and guidance at each meeting		
Key risks		
Failure to manage conflicts properly		
Non-compliance with regulations and guidance		
 Changes being implemented at short notice due to delays caused by pandemic 		

Core on-going tasks	Special activities and reviews 2021/22
Governance arrangements	
Review decisions of the Pensions Committee	
Review management and monitoring of the pension fund risk register	
Monitor audit reports and assurances on internal controls	Review internal audit programme of work and assurances
Monitor work planned by the Pensions Regulator (tPR)	Review new tPR Combined Code for compliance requirements
Monitor reports and initiatives from the Scheme Advisory Board (SAB)	Review SAB proposals on future governance arrangements when made available
Respond to surveys and requests for information from the tPR and the SAB	
Report to the Pensions Committee and Governance Committee on a regular basis and as required	
Report to tPR, MHCLG and SAB in exceptional circumstances	
Key risks	
The decision-making process is not fully effective	
Key risks are not managed properly	
 Failure to be aware of scheme-wide developments and changing requirements 	
Failure to properly account for the Board's activities	

Core on-going tasks	Special activities and reviews2021/22	
Administration procedures and performance		
Consider a report on the administration of the scheme at each meeting	Monitor impact of Scheme changes on administration capacity	
Monitor notifiable events and the recording and reporting of breaches		
Monitor key performance indicators and recovery action	Consider scope for inter-fund comparative indicators, including unit costs and service levels	
Monitor recording of compliments and complaints, and progress on IDRP cases		
Monitor movements in membership numbers	Review arrangements for auto-enrolment and for growing membership	
Monitor data quality and integrity, and progress on improvement plans	Review implementation of Data Improvement Plan	
Monitor timeliness of receipt of contribution payments and any recovery action required		
Review operation of key internal procedures and controls relating to third party	Monitor work by internal audit	
contracts	Review controls relating to cyber risk	
Key risks		
 Failure in the efficient and effective administration of the scheme 		
 Non-compliance with reporting requirements 		
 Failure to detect potential problems, including fraud at an early stage 		

Core on-going tasks	Special activities and reviews 2021/22	
Investment and funding		
Review the investment strategy statement to assess compliance with regulations and guidance issued by MHCLG and CIPFA	Review revised guidance issued by MHCLG when available	
Review the funding strategy statement to assess compliance with regulations and guidance		
Review the process of consultation with appropriate persons, particularly scheme employers		
Review the valuation process for compliance and good practice	Develop understanding of actuarial methods, standards and practices and application to the valuation process.	
Review developments on the pooling arrangements, particularly in relation to governance and investment management		
Monitor arrangements for monitoring investment performance and costs		
Monitor developments in relation to responsible investing and ESG issues insofar as they relate to the Board's responsibilities	Review revised SAB guidance when issued	
Key risks		
Non-compliance with investment regulations and Government guidance		
Failure of proper governance arrangements in the pooling of Fund assets		
 Failure to comply with or respond to developments in good practice or regulatory compliance 		
 Net asset values are insufficient to meet future liabilities 		
 Lack of clarity on role of PAB in relation to ACCESS and on responsible investing 		

Core on-going tasks	Special activities and reviews 2021/22
Communications	
Monitor disclosure of information in line with statutory requirements, including annual benefit statements	
Review newsletters for content and clarity	
Review communications with employing authorities	
Monitor developments in the website and pensions portal	
Consider more effective links to scheme members	Review information provided on potential pensions/cyber scams
Key risks	
Failure to keep employers and scheme members properly informed	
Non-compliance with Administration Strategy	
 Scheme members fail to understand scheme benefits and opt-out 	
Training	
Maintain training log and review activity regularly	
Monitor implementation of training strategy	Undertake comprehensive refresher training
Identify opportunities for in-house training after each meeting and for external training courses or events	Develop joint training with Pensions Committee
Key risks	
 Failure of Board members to maintain a suitable level of knowledge and understanding 	
 New training requirements imposed on PAB in relation to compliance testing 	