Workforce Report - September 2020

General

This is the second quarter since the start of the Covid-19 pandemic and it is possible to start to draw some initial views on the impact Covid-19 has had, and is having, on the workforce.

After the initial national lockdown, the job market stagnated, resulting in a significantly lower number of starters and leavers than in previous months/quarters. The job market now seems to have recovered and recruitment to the organisation appears to be back to the levels experienced pre- Covid-19.

The change to a predominantly home-working model seems to have had an impact on the level of short-term sickness. Calendar days lost to short-term sickness have been consistently lower since the change to home working in late March 2020. When comparing the months of April to August* between 2020 and 2019, there is 33% less short-term sickness absence in 2020 over these months, when compared with the same months in 2019. There appears to be little/no impact of Covid -19 on long-term sickness absence.

The top reason for short-term sickness absence has changed from anxiety/stress to musculoskeletal. It is probably still a bit too early to make an assessment, but home working with employees using their own desks, chairs and other general office equipment etc. may be a contributing factor to the 15% rise in short-term sickness attributed to musculoskeletal.

* September has been excluded from the comparison as the sickness figures for the last month in a quarter can change, sometimes markedly, due to retrospective absence reporting and/or unknown/estimated durations being replaced with actual absence durations.

Workforce KPIs

Resourcing & Talent

At the end of September 2020 WSCC had 5,274 employees. This is an increase of 117 since the end of the previous quarter. Just over half of this increase in headcount was the result of the in-sourcing of Service Finance from Capita.

The Workforce KPIs document shows a £0.9m increase in employee pay in Fire and Rescue Service, however this is not an increase in spending in Fire and Rescue Service directly. When the pandemic started, a cost centre code was set up to charge all the spend that was incurred as a direct consequence of Covid-19 so this expenditure could be identified and collated. This cost centre code is held within this area and it still resides there at this time, hence the increase in the employee pay costs for Fire and Rescue Services.

There has been an increase in agency headcount and contract spend this quarter with the increase in contract spend being in proportion with the headcount increase - i.e. not a general shift in level of seniority. The largest increase in headcount has occurred in Children & Family Services (+12) and this resource is for two transformation funded projects. Manpower agency workers as a percentage of the total workforce has increased to 5.4% (5.1% in Q1).

As would be expected with the overall increase in headcount, the number of new starters has increased since Q1 with more new starters than leavers. As previously mentioned, the insourcing of Service Finance means the highest number of new starters has been in Resource Services (+65). There has been a net increase (new starters minus leavers) in Place Services (+25); Adult Services (+16); and Children & Family Services (+13). Turnover is up to 1.9% due to the higher number of starters and leavers since Q1 and this is particularly relevant in Resources where there are only three leavers compared to the 65 new insourcing new starters. Turnover rate is now just below the quarterly target rate of 2% -3.75%.

Performance & Skill

Staff induction completion rates have increased by 9% overall. Whilst the direction of travel is encouraging, the rate is still below the target of 90%.

Face-to-face events were initially cancelled following lockdown in March with events moving to an on-line delivery model where this was possible. Events continue to be delivered on-line, but a handful of face-to-face sessions have now started where training cannot be delivered successfully online such as first aid.

This change in the delivery model was most likely the reason for the Q1 fall in the 'did not attend' a training session percentage, which reduced from 12% in Q4 2019 to 4% in Q1 2020. The percentage has gone back up again and is now 10%.

At 8%, short term cancellations have remained at the same level as Q1. There has been as increase in cancellations in Adults Services from 0% in Q1 to 14% in Q2 but this is somewhat misleading as this relates to just three late cancellations and the percentage is more volatile due to the significant reduction in scale of

bookings, which for Adults Services, have gone from a pre- Covid-19 level of 400-500 bookings per quarter, to 20-30 bookings in Q1 and Q2.

Formal appraisal training for managers was paused when Covid-19 lockdown started and therefore no figure has been provided for Q1. Training has now restarted using a webinar approach and the percentage of managers who have undertaken formal appraisal training has increased marginally (+2%) compared to 2019 Q4.

The level of new Employee Relations cases has remained static for across Q1 and Q2 and it would appear that Covid-19 is having little, if any, effect.

Health, Safety & Wellbeing

Total overall sickness has reduced again this quarter by 721 calendar days lost. When compared with the same Q2 quarter in 2019/20, overall sickness is down slightly (by 382 calendar days lost) so there is a level of consistency with Q2 last year.

At the start of the Covid-19 pandemic there was a significant drop in the level of calendar days lost due to short term sickness absence. This reduction has levelled out since March, but the general trend is an average reduction each month. It is likely that the shift in the workforce largely working from home due to Covid-19 restrictions has been a significant factor in this reduction in short-term sickness absence.

The top reason for short-term absence has changed to Musculoskeletal this quarter (from Anxiety/Stress in Q1). This change is due to a 15% increase in short-term sickness being attributed to Musculoskeletal, accompanied by a 28% reduction in short-term sickness being attributed to Anxiety/Stress. Both these changes are worth noting given the shift from office to home working. Employees have been reminded of the need to ensure their home working environment is suitable and conforms with Display Screen Equipment (DSE) requirements. The New Ways of Working group is monitoring the level of sickness absence attributed to musculoskeletal reasons and suitable intervention actions will be implemented if required.

Long-term sickness absence has reduced slightly this quarter (-671 calendar days lost) but it is higher that the same quarter last year (2020 Q2 +1,653 calendar days lost compared to 2019 Q2). The level of long-term sickness absence has remained largely constant since January 2020 and so it would appear Covid-19 seems to be having little impact on the level of long-term sickness.

Anxiety/Stress continues to be the top reason for long-term absence, both for WSCC overall, and all three priority service areas.

Public Health, HR & Organisational Development and Health & Safety teams are working to develop an action plan to ensure that employee mental health and wellbeing is embedded within core WSCC business procedures and practices. Work is ongoing to design actions the organisation needs to take such as: increasing mental health awareness; encouraging open conversations; supporting and developing effective people management; and routinely monitoring employee mental health & wellbeing. Further details of this work will be provided in the Q3 report.

Workforce KPIs

2020 Q21st July 2020 to 30th September 2020

		West Sussex County Council						Adults Services		Children & Family Services		Fire & Rescue Service		All other Services		
	Indicator	2020 Q2	Q2 2020 Q1 Change since last quarter Intended Direction of Travel 2019/2020 Commentary		Commentary	2020 Q2	2020 Q1	2020 Q2	2020 Q1	2020 Q2	2020 Q1	2020 Q2	2020 Q1			
Resourcing & Talent																
	Total Headcount (total number of people employed over reporting period)	5,374	5,257	1	117	N/A	N/A	There has been an increase in headcount. A significant proportion of this increase was the result of in-sourcing of	1,085	1,083	1,466	1,456	650	647	2,173	2,071
Employed workforce (Includes all staff directly	Active Headcount (number of people employed on 28th of last month of reporting period)	5,274	5,179	1	95	N/A	N/A	Service Finance from Capita. The Employee Paybill in Fire & Rescue Service shows an	1,065	1,059	1,430	1,427	641	642	2,138	2,051
employed by WSCC. Excludes casuals, agency, outside bodies, pensioners	Active FTE (on 28th of last month of reporting period)	4,666	4,589	1	76	N/A	N/A	increase of £918k but this is not an increase in spending by FRS. When the pandemic started a cost code was set up to charge all spend that was incurred as a direct consequence of	911.9	905.5	1,264.3	1,258.6	605.0	597.3	1,884	1,828
and partners)	Employee paybill (including on costs and casuals, exluding agency and schools)	£50,370,088	£49,361,718	1	£1,008,370	N/A	N/A	COVID-19 so this expenditure could be identified and collated. This cost code was placed in FRS and it still resides there, hence the increase in the Employee Paybill in FRS.	£10,171,537	£10,390,140	£13,891,212	£13,870,716	£7,074,740	£6,156,065	£19,232,599	£18,944,797
	Headcount (Manpower)	333	309	1	24	N/A	N/A	There has been an increase in agency headcount and contract spend this quarter with the increase in contract spend being in	87	84	167	155	7	6	78	62
Agency (Manpower)	Contract spend	£4,636,535	£4,109,120	1	£527,415	1	Reduction of £0.5m since previous year	proportion with the headcount increase i.e. not a general shift in level of seniority. The largest increase in headcount has occurred in Children & Family Services (+12) and this resource is for two transformation funded projects. Management against	£680,898	£683,941	£2,843,082	£2,609,896	£40,838	£39,479	£1,071,718	£775,803.91
	Manpower % total workforce	5.4%	5.1%	1	0.3%	N/A	N/A	is for two transformation funded projects. Manpower agency workers as a percentage of the total workforce has increased to 5.4% (5.1% in Q1)	7.0%	6.8%	9.7%	9.1%	1.1%	0.9%	3.0%	2.5%
Recruitment	Total number of starters (over reporting period)	221	89	1	132	N/A	N/A	In line with the rise in headcount there has been significant	31	16	45	18	6	17	139	38
Retention	Total number of leavers (over reporting period)	108	86	1	22	N/A	N/A	increase in starters in Resources due to the insourcing of Service Fianance (+65). There has been a net increase (Starters minus Leavers) in Place Services (+25); Adult	15	20	32	32	8	4	53	30
Staff turnover	Rolling turnover rate (average headcount over the previous 3 months, divided by the number of leavers over the last 3 months)	1.9%	1.5%	1	0.4%	→	Between 2- 3.75% (rolling qtly target)	Services (+16); and Children & Family Services (+13). Turnover is up to 1.9% and is now just below the quarterly target rate of 2%-3.75%.	1.3%	1.7%	2.1%	2.1%	1.2%	0.6%	2.1%	1.3%
Performance & Skill				'			rai gety									
	Staff induction completion rates	76.0%	67.0%	1	9%	1	90%	Staff induction completion rates have increased by 9% overall. Whilst the direction of travel is encouraging, the rate is still below the target of 90%.	69%	60%	62%	67%	84%	80%	85%	60%
	Percentage of managers who have undertaken formal appraisal training	83.0%	n/a	•	n/a	n/a	90%	The change in training delivery in March to on-line only training resulted in a fall in Q1 in the 'did not attend' a training session but the percentage has gone back up now to 10% overall. Short term cancellations have remained at the same percentage. The increase in cancellations in Adults Services	88%	n/a	64%	n/a	n/a	n/a	93%	n/a
Training & development	Percentage of 'did not attend' booked training sessions run through the L&D Gateway	10.0%	4.0%	•	6%	1	5%	from 0% in Q1 to 14% in Q2 is somewhat misleading as this relates to just three late cancellations and the percentage is more volatile due to the significant reduction in scale of bookings. Details are provided in the main narrative.	4%	9%	0%	4%	5%	0%	11%	4%
	Percentage of short notice (1-10 day) cancellations for booked training sessions run through the L&D Gateway	8.0%	8.0%	→	0%	1	5%	Formal appraisal training for managers was paused when COVID-19 lockdown started and therefore no figure has been provided for Q1. Training has now restarted & the percentage of managers undertaking formal has increased marginally (+2%) compared to 2019 Q4.	0%	14%	14%	10%	8%	0%	7%	8%
	Suspensions	0	0	•	0	N/A	N/A		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Employee Relations	Dismissals (exc redundancy ie ER)	0	0	•	0	N/A	N/A		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Staff Appeals panel: upheld	0	0	•	0	N/A	N/A	There have been no employee grievances during this quarter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Staff Appeals panel: rejected	0	0	→	0	N/A	N/A	(down from 4 in Q1). There is one more disciplinary case this	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(new cases during the	Employee grievances	0	4	1	-4	N/A	N/A	quarter then in Q1.	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0
reporting period)	Disciplinary cases	5	4	1	1	N/A	N/A	It would appear that COVID-19 is having little, if any, effect on	0	2	5	1	0	1	0	0
	Formal capability (performance)	2	1	1	1	N/A	N/A	Employee Relations.	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0
	Formal capability (health)	0	1	1	-1	N/A	N/A		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	Employment tribunals	0	1	1	-1	N/A	N/A		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0

	Indicator	2020 Q2	2020 Q1	Change since last		Intended Direction of Travel Target 2019/2020		Commentary			
Health, Safety & Wellbein	g										
Level of sickness absence (May retrospectively increase due to late reporting of sickness)	Sick days lost (calendar days lost)	13,753	14,474	•	-721	N/A	N/A	Total overall sickness has reduced slightly again this qua When compared with the same Q2 quarter in 2019/20, o			
	Average sick days per FTE	2.6	2.8	•	-0.2	1	TBC	sickness is down slightly (by 382 calendar days) so there is a level of consistency with Q2 last year. Short term sickness has remained at the same level as Q1, but			
Short term sickness	Number of calendar days lost	2,618	2,668	•	-50	1	N/A	long term sickness has fallen again. It is likely that the shift in the workforce largely working from home due to COVID-19			
absence (less than 21 calendar days)	Top reason for short term absence	Musculoskeleta I, Fractures, Injury, Surgery	Anxiety, Stress, Depression, Mental Health		N/A	N/A	N/A	restrictions has contributed to this reduction in short-trem sickness. The top reason for short term absence has changed to Musculoskeletal (from Anxiety/Stress). This increase is			
Long term sickness absence	Number of calendar days lost	11,135	11,806	•	-671	1	N/A	particularly important given the change to employees working from home. This will continue to be monitored by the Way We Work group in its monitoring of the impact of COVID-19 on			
(more than 21 calendar	Top reason for long term absence	Anxiety, Stress, Depression, Mental Health	Anxiety, Stress, Depression, Mental Health		N/A	N/A	N/A	employee well-being. For long term sickness Anxiety/Stress is the top reason for absence for WSCC overall and all three priority service areas.			
Reporting of Injuries,	Violence at work	0	0	→	0	1	N/A				
Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations	Accident	1	1	→	0	1	N/A	There has been 1 notifiable accident this quarter. This occurred in FRS where a firefighter fell through the hatch and has been			
(RIDDOR) incidents to the Health and Safety Executive	Dangerous occurrence	0	0	→	0	•	N/A	off sick for more than 7 days. The incident has been investigated and reported to the HSE			
(HSE)	Total RIDDORs reported to HSE	1	1	→	0	1	N/A				

West Sussex County Council

	2020 Q2	2020 Q1	2020 Q2	2020 Q1	2020 Q2	2020 Q1	2020 Q2	2020 Q1
I								
	4,287	4,950	4,185	4,110	1,437	1,264	3,844	4,150
	4.06	4.7	3.0	2.9	1.9	1.7	1.8	1.98
	879	1,052	652	729	289	235	798	652
	Digestion, Reproduction & Glandular systems	Unknown	Anxiety, Stress, Depression, Mental Health	Anxiety, Stress, Depression, Mental Health	Unknown	Other / Chose Not to Disclose	Anxiety, Stress, Depression, Mental Health	Anxiety, Stress, Depression, Mental Health
	3,408	3,898	3,533	3,381	1,148	1,029	3,046	3,498
	Anxiety, Stress, Depression, Mental Health	Anxiety, Stress, Depression, Mental Health	Anxiety, Stress, Depression, Mental Health	Anxiety, Stress, Depression, Mental Health	Anxiety, Stress, Depression, Mental Health	Anxiety, Stress, Depression, Mental Health	Musculoskeletal, Fractures, Injury, Surgery	Musculoskeletal, Fractures, Injury, Surgery

Fire & Rescue Service

All other Services

Children & Family Services

Adults Services